

EXHIBIT 7

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| DISTRICT COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER, COLORADO 1437 Bannock Street Denver, Colorado 80202 <hr/> JULIE ANN MEADE, ADMINISTRATOR, UNIFORM CONSUMER CREDIT CODE, Plaintiff, v. AVANT OF COLORADO LLC d/b/a AVANT, and AVANT INC., Defendants. | <p style="text-align: center;">▲ COURT USE ONLY ▲</p> |
| CYNTHIA H. COFFMAN, Attorney General NIKOLAI N. FRANT, #38716* Senior Assistant Attorney General Ralph L. Carr Colorado Judicial Center 1300 Broadway, 6th Floor Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone Number: 720-508-6111 FAX Number: 720-508-6033 Email: nikolai.frant@coag.gov *Counsel of Record | Case No. 17CV30377 Courtroom 368 |
| AMENDED COMPLAINT | |

Plaintiff Julie Ann Meade, Administrator, Uniform Consumer Credit Code (“the Administrator”), by and through the undersigned counsel, for her amended complaint against Avant of Colorado LLC d/b/a Avant and Avant Inc., alleges as follows:

I. PARTIES

1. The Administrator is the duly appointed Administrator of the Uniform Consumer Credit Code (“the UCCC”). She is authorized to enforce compliance with the UCCC, *see* C.R.S. §§ 5-6-101, *et seq.*, and may bring a civil action against those who make or collect charges in excess of those permitted by the UCCC. In such action, the Administrator may seek injunctive relief to restrain persons from violating the UCCC, obtain consumer restitution, and collect civil penalties for violations of the UCCC. *See* C.R.S. §§ 5-6-111, 5-6-112, 5-6-113, and 5-6-114.

2. Defendant Avant of Colorado LLC d/b/a Avant (“Avant of CO”) is a foreign limited liability company organized under the laws of Delaware. Avant of CO identifies its principal place of business as 222 N. LaSalle Street, Suite 1700, Chicago, Illinois 60601. Avant of CO was formerly known as AvantCredit of Colorado, LLC. Avant of CO is a wholly-owned and wholly-operated subsidiary of Avant Inc.

3. Defendant Avant Inc. is a foreign corporation organized under the laws of Delaware. Avant Inc. identifies its principal place of business as 222 N. LaSalle Street, Suite 1700, Chicago, Illinois 60601. Avant Inc. was formerly known as Avant Credit Corporation.

II. FACTS

A. Avant of CO’s Supervised Lender’s License

4. Avant of CO applied with the Administrator for a Colorado supervised lender’s license in March 2013.

5. In its application for a Colorado supervised lender’s license, Avant of CO stated that it expected to engage in: (1) making (i.e., originating) small installment loans of \$1,000 or less (per C.R.S. § 5-2-214,); and (2) making (i.e., originating) unsecured loans or loans secured by personal property and/or autos.

6. Avant of CO is licensed by the Administrator as a Colorado supervised lender, license number 991833.

B. The Avant Loans

7. Consumers can apply for and obtain loans via a website (“the Avant website”) that has the following internet address: <https://www.avant.com/>.

8. Avant Inc. owns and operates the Avant website.

9. The Avant website describes the loan products that are available through the Avant website (“the Avant Loans”) as follows: “Avant currently provides access to standard consumer installment loans with an Avant twist.”

10. The Avant Loans are loans that are made or arranged by a business entity that is regularly engaged in the business of making loans.

11. The Avant Loans are made to consumers who are individuals, as opposed to business entities.

12. By receiving the Avant Loans, consumers incur debt, and the debt is incurred primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

13. The debt that consumers incur as a result of the Avant Loans is by written agreement payable in installments and a finance charge is made.

14. The principal loaned to consumers who receive Avant Loans does not exceed \$75,000.

15. Avant Loans are made to consumers who are residents of Colorado (hereinafter “the Colorado Avant Loans”).

16. The residents of Colorado who have received Colorado Avant Loans have received the loans from a creditor who has solicited or advertised the Colorado Avant Loans in Colorado.

17. From approximately May 2014 through the present, Avant of CO and Avant Inc. have acted as a “creditor,” as defined in C.R.S. § 5-1-301(17), with respect to Colorado Avant Loans.

18. From approximately May 2014 through the present, Avant of CO and Avant Inc. have made charges to Colorado consumers on Colorado Avant Loans that are owned, in whole or in part, by non-bank entities (“Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans”).

19. From approximately September 2014 through the present, Avant of CO and Avant Inc. have undertaken direct collection of payments from or enforcement of rights against consumers arising from Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans.

20. Avant Inc. and Avant of CO have made or collected charges from consumers on Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans which exceed the maximum finance charges that are permitted for supervised loans under Colorado law.

21. The written agreements evidencing Colorado Avant Loans state: “You will be charged a late fee of \$25.00 if any scheduled payment is not paid in full within 10 days after its due date.”

22. Avant Inc. and Avant of CO have made or collected delinquency charges on Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans when consumers have not made a payment on Colorado Avant Loans by the scheduled due date.

23. Avant Inc. and Avant of CO have made or collected a delinquency charge of \$25.00 as a result of a consumer’s late payment on a Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loan.

24. The written agreements evidencing Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans state, “[T]o the extent that state law applies [to this Agreement], the laws of the state of Utah” apply.

C. Avant Inc.’s Association with WebBank

25. The Avant Loans are made to consumers pursuant to a lending program established by written agreements between Avant Inc., AvantCredit II, LLC, and WebBank, a Utah-chartered industrial bank (the “Avant lending program”). The agreements were originally dated March 28, 2014 and were subsequently amended on June 30, 2016 (effective August 1, 2016).

26. No Avant Loans are currently being made to residents of Colorado. Upon information and belief, all of the Colorado Avant Loans that have been made to date originated prior to the August 1, 2016 effective date of the June 30, 2016 amendments to the Avant lending program.

27. WebBank is identified in the Avant lending program agreements as the entity that makes the Avant Loans to consumers.

28. However, within two business days of when certain Avant Loans are made, WebBank sells the Avant Loans to Avant Inc. or to Avant Inc.’s non-bank affiliates such as AvantCredit II, LLC. As a result of the June 20, 2016 amendments, the agreements now provide that WebBank sells only the loan “receivables,” which are defined to consist of all economic interests in the payments and income received from the borrower.

29. With respect to the Avant Loans that WebBank sells to Avant Inc. or Avant Inc.’s affiliates (including loans in which WebBank sells only the receivables), a primary purpose of WebBank’s involvement is to allow Avant Inc. or other non-banks to circumvent state laws, including Colorado laws, that limit the interest rates and other finance charges that may be assessed on the Avant Loans.

30. Specifically, certain banks may, pursuant to federal law, lawfully lend in Colorado and other states at rates that exceed the interest and other finance charge limits imposed by state law. This right is sometimes referred to as federal interest rate exportation.

31. Avant Inc., Avant of CO, and other non-banks cannot, however, enforce a bank’s federal interest rate exportation rights when they purchase loans from banks (or purchase loan receivables) because banks cannot validly assign such rights to non-banks. *E.g., Madden v. Midland Funding, LLC*, 786 F.3d 246, 250 (2d Cir. 2015) (distinguishing contrary precedent, and holding that non-bank purchaser of

national bank's loan could not enforce bank's right to federal interest rate exportation).

32. Further, with respect to the Avant Loans that WebBank sells to Avant Inc. or Avant Inc.'s affiliates (including loans in which WebBank sells only the receivables), WebBank is not the true lender of the loans and, because the loans therefore are not made by a bank, federal interest rate exportation does not apply for this additional reason. *E.g. CashCall, Inc. v. Morrissey*, 2014 W. Va. LEXIS 587 (W. Va. May 30, 2014) (memorandum decision) (national bank that sold loans to non-bank was not the true lender of the loans because the non-bank purchaser bore the predominant economic interest in the loans and non-bank purchaser therefore could not enforce bank's right to federal interest rate exportation).

33. WebBank is not the true lender of the Avant Loans that it sells to Avant Inc. or Avant Inc.'s non-bank affiliates because WebBank does not bear the predominant economic interest in the loans.

34. Among other reasons, WebBank does not bear the predominant economic interest in such loans because:

- a. Avant Inc. paid WebBank an "implementation fee" of \$100,000 in connection with the initiation of the Avant lending program and also has paid all of WebBank's legal fees and expenses related to the program, including the expenses and legal fees that WebBank has incurred when negotiating the terms of the program with Avant Inc.
- b. Avant Inc. bears all of the expenses incurred in marketing the Avant lending program to consumers.
- c. Avant Inc. pays all costs of determining which loan applicants will receive Avant Loans, including paying employees to evaluate loan applications, purchasing credit reports, and paying wire transfer and ACH costs for money transfers in connection with the Avant lending program.
- d. Avant Inc. decides which loan applicants will receive Avant Loans, applying lending criteria agreed to by Avant and WebBank.
- e. Avant Inc. developed and implemented the processes used by Avant Inc. to identify qualifying loan applicants.
- f. Avant Inc. is responsible for ensuring that the Avant Inc. lending program complies with all applicable federal and state laws.

- g. Avant Inc. developed and implemented a Bank Secrecy Act policy for the Avant lending program, which was used to prevent money laundering by consumers, amongst other practices.
- h. Avant Inc. developed and implemented policies to ensure the Avant lending program complies with federal Truth in Lending Act requirements.
- i. Avant Inc. is responsible for all communications with loan applicants and with consumers who receive Avant Loans, including providing adverse action notices or loan agreements.
- j. Avant Inc. is responsible for all servicing and administration of the Avant Loans, even during the period before WebBank sells the loans to Avant Inc. or its affiliates.
- k. When consumers apply for Avant Loans but are declined, Avant Inc. has the right to solicit them for other credit products such as other loan products. In contrast, except as required to carry out its rights and responsibilities under the Avant lending program, WebBank cannot use information regarding Avant Loan applicants or Avant Loan borrowers for any reason.
- l. WebBank bears no risk that it will lose its principal in the event that consumers default on Avant Loans that it sells to Avant Inc. or Avant Inc.'s affiliates: (1) when WebBank makes Avant Loans that are to be sold, WebBank knows in advance that Avant Inc. has sufficient funds to purchase the loans because Avant Inc. is required to maintain a bank account at WebBank with such funds, to be used by WebBank as collateral to secure Avant Inc.'s purchase obligations; (2) Avant Inc. or its affiliates purchase the Avant Loans (or the loan receivables) from WebBank within two days of when the loans are made and the purchase price includes the amount that WebBank advanced to the consumer, in addition to other amounts; (3) by contractual agreement, WebBank has no liability to Avant Inc. for the repayment of the Avant Loans, which have been sold "without recourse"; and (4) Avant Inc. is obligated to indemnify WebBank from and against claims arising from WebBank's participation in the Avant lending program.
- m. Avant Inc. raises capital to fund the origination of Avant Loans. Specifically, Avant Inc. utilizes a hybrid approach to finance money that is advanced to the consumers who receive the Avant Loans. From 2015 through the second quarter of 2016, Avant Inc. financed 100% of

the Avant Loans through an allocation process where 45% of the Avant Loans were sold to institutional investors and where Avant Inc. retained 55% of the Avant Loans on its balance sheet. Avant Inc. maintains committed, multiyear warehouse liquidity that Avant Inc. uses to fund the origination of Avant Loans. As of June 30, 2016, Avant Inc. had over \$900 million available, in the form of committed warehouse lines, to fund the origination of Avant Loans. As of June 30, 2016, Avant Inc. had \$92 million available, in the form of unrestricted cash and loan purchase programs with institutional investors, to fund the origination of Avant Loans. As of August 2, 2016, Avant Inc. had retained approximately \$1.6 billion of Avant Loans as its own assets. As of August 2, 2016, Avant Inc. had sold approximately \$1.3 billion of Avant Loans to institutional investors.

- n. Beginning in the second quarter of 2016, Avant Inc. tightened the underwriting criteria that it used when determining which Avant Loan applicants would receive loans and the terms that would apply to such loans. Avant tightened the underwriting criteria in order to reduce the default rate of Avant Loans that served as the collateral that backed an Avant Inc. securitization. The securitization is referred to by Avant Inc. as ACNT 2016-C.
- o. When a consumer pays off an Avant Loan in accord with the loan agreement, both WebBank and Avant Inc. (or other non-bank entities) share in the profit earned on the loan, but WebBank's share in the profit is only approximately one percent (1%) of the total profit.

35. Accordingly, Avant Inc. and its affiliated non-bank entities are the true lenders of the Avant Loans.

D. The Administrator's Compliance Examination

36. In January 2016, the Administrator conducted a compliance examination of Avant of CO, pursuant to the statutory authority set forth in C.R.S. § 5-2-305.

37. By a report of examination dated January 11, 2016, the Administrator informed Avant of CO, amongst other things, that Avant of CO was charging finance charges and delinquency charges that violated Colorado law and that the loan agreements for the Colorado Avant Loans contracted for the application of Utah law, in violation of Colorado law.

38. In the report of examination, the Administrator directed Avant of CO to make refunds to consumers of certain excess charges and fees and to apply Colorado

law instead of Utah law with respect to loan agreements with Colorado consumers.

39. Avant of CO responded to the report of examination by stating that its association with WebBank meant that Colorado law provisions regarding finance charge limits and choice of law restrictions were preempted.

40. After reviewing additional information from Avant of CO and considering its position, the Administrator informed Avant of CO that she rejected the position and renewed her request that Avant of CO take the corrective actions identified in the report of examination.

41. Avant of CO has refused to take corrective actions directed by the Administrator in her report of examination with respect to excess finance charges, excess delinquency charges, and provisions in consumer agreements contracting for the application of Utah law.

III. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF EXCESS CHARGES

42. The Administrator repeats and realleges the paragraphs above, as if alleged herein.

43. Avant Inc. and Avant of CO have charged, assessed, collected, or received finance charges and delinquency charges in connection with Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans that exceed the finance charges authorized and allowable under C.R.S. § 5-2-201 and the delinquency charges authorized and allowable under C.R.S. § 5-2-203.

IV. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF UNLAWFUL CHOICE OF LAW PROVISION

44. The Administrator repeats and realleges the paragraphs above, as if alleged herein.

45. The written agreements evidencing Non-Bank Colorado Avant Loans include terms that purport to provide that the law of a state other than Colorado applies, in violation of C.R.S. § 5-1-201(8).

WHEREFORE, the Administrator requests judgment:

(i) preliminarily and permanently enjoining Avant Inc. and Avant of CO, and their officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, heirs, successors, and assigns, from committing any of the practices, acts, conduct, transactions, or

violations described above, or otherwise violating the UCCC, together with all such other relief as may be required to completely compensate or restore to their original position all consumers injured or prevent unjust enrichment of any person, by reason or through the use or employment of such practices, acts, conduct, or violations, or as may otherwise be appropriate, including, without limitation, requiring Avant Inc. and Avant of CO to disgorge to the Administrator or make restitution to consumers of all amounts charged, assessed, collected, or received in violation of the UCCC;

(ii) for every consumer credit transaction as may be determined at trial or otherwise in which a consumer was charged an excess charge in violation of the UCCC, ordering Avant Inc. and Avant of CO to refund to each such consumer the excess charge;

(iii) for every consumer credit transaction as may be determined at trial or otherwise in which a consumer was charged an excess charge, ordering Avant Inc. and Avant of CO to pay to each such consumer a civil penalty determined by the Court not in excess of the greater of either the amount of the finance charge or ten times the amount of the excess charge;

(iv) ordering Avant Inc. and Avant of CO to pay to the Administrator a civil penalty determined by the Court within the limits set forth by statute;

(v) awarding pre- and post-judgment interest to the Administrator, as may be allowed by contract, law, or otherwise; and

(vi) awarding the Administrator the costs and disbursements of this action, including attorney's fees, together with all such further relief as the Court deems just.

DATED: February 15, 2017

CYNTHIA H. COFFMAN
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/s/ Nikolai N. Frant

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